

# MICROWAVE TRIODE

# GI-6B

The GI-6B microwave triode is used in oscillator circuits with no external feedback, providing continuous-wave or pulsed operation with anode modulation in the decimetric wavelength range.

### GENERAL

Cathode: indirectly heated, oxide-coated.  
 Envelope: metal-ceramic.  
 Cooling: forced air.  
 Height: at most 110.5 mm.  
 Diameter: at most 65 mm.  
 Mass: at most 330 g.

### OPERATING ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Vibration loads:	
frequencies, Hz	5-600
acceleration, m/s <sup>2</sup>	59
Multiple impacts with acceleration, m/s <sup>2</sup>	343
Ambient temperature, °C	-60 to +100
Relative humidity at up to +40 °C, %	98

### BASIC DATA Electrical Parameters

Heater voltage, V	12.6
Heater current, A	1.8-2.05
Mutual conductance (at anode voltage 1.3 kV, grid voltage change 1 V, anode current 150 mA), mA/V	18-26
Penetration factor (at anode voltage 1.3 kV, anode voltage change 200 V, anode current 150 mA), %	1-2
Interelectrode capacitance, pF:	
input	10-12.7
output	0.2-0.3
transfer	4-5.2
Warm up time, s, at most	90
Output power, W:	
in CW operation at anode voltage 1.35 kV, anode current 250 mA, wavelength 52 cm, at least	130
over 350 h of service, at least	104

### Limit Operating Values

Heater voltage, V:	
upper limit	13
lower limit	12.3
Anode voltage, kV:	
DC in CW operation	2.5
DC with cold cathode	3
instantaneous value in CW operation	5
peak value in pulsed operation (at pulse duration at most 10 μs)	9
Grid voltage, V:	
instantaneous value in CW operation	-300 to +80
peak value in pulsed operation (at pulse duration 10 μs)	-900 to +600
Cathode current:	
r.m.s. value, mA	600
DC component under conditions of class B without modulation, mA	400
instantaneous value under conditions of class B without modulation, A	1.25
Dissipation, W:	
anode	350
grid:	
with thermocurrent 5 mA	2.5
neglecting thermocurrent	7
Wavelength, cm:	
in pulsed operation, lower limit	18
in CW operation, lower limit	22
Temperature, °C:	
anode heat sink	160
grid lead	200
cathode lead	100
envelope	250
Resistance in grid circuit, kΩ	10



